

## Warrior Transition Units

At 29 Warrior Transition Units (WTUs) and nine Community-Based Warrior Transition Units (CBWTUs) across the country, wounded, ill, and injured Soldiers have one mission: to heal and prepare for transition. WTUs play a key role in the Army's Warrior Care and Transition Program, an overarching effort to make sweeping organizational and cultural shifts in Army warrior care.

The WTU structure represents a major transformation in the way the Army supports wounded, ill and injured Soldiers. The Army asks a lot of its Soldiers, and it accepts the responsibility to provide the resources, tools, and equipment necessary to support each Soldier as they transition to the next stage of their lives— whether back to the force or onto civilian life.

WTUs are the backbone of this program. While they resemble a traditional "line" Army unit, their singular mission is to provide comprehensive outpatient management that allows Soldiers to successfully heal and transition. Located at major military treatment facilities since 2007, WTUs provide a standardized framework of care and support. The more than 7,000 Soldiers assigned to these units develop a Comprehensive Transition Plan (CTP), a standardized framework that includes a personalized plan for the Soldier by the Soldier, with short- and long-term goals in six domains of life: Family, physical, social, spiritual, emotional, and career.

To complete their mission of healing and transition, Soldiers spend their days accomplishing the goals set in the CTP. In addition to medical appointments, they undergo physical rehabilitation, meet with behavioral health therapists, participate in adaptive sports and reconditioning programs, and participate in internships and job training. Standing behind them through each stage of their recovery and transition is the Triad of Care (primary care manager, nurse case manager, and squad leader) and interdisciplinary team of medical and non-medical professionals who work with Soldiers and their Families to ensure that they receive the support they deserve.



On his third deployment in Iraq, CPT Juan Guerrero led a team of nearly two dozen Soldiers. In June 2007, an improvised explosive device detonated under his vehicle, ultimately costing him his right leg below the knee.

CPT Guerrero spent most of his recovery at the Warrior Transition Battalion at the San Antonio Military Medical Center. Through his Comprehensive Transition Plan (CTP), he is achieving significant personal goals, including a return to the force through the Continuation on Active Duty (COAD) program. He participates in a variety of adaptive sports programs, which enhance his recovery and enable him to understand how much he can still accomplish despite his injuries. He competed at the 2010 and 2011 Warrior Games, in cycling, shooting, swimming, and track and field. In 2010, he won a gold medal in shooting.

WTUs play an essential role in the Army's holistic approach to supporting wounded, ill, and injured Soldiers throughout their recovery and transition. This involves support for their Families and helping them prepare for the next stage of their lives.

- **Families and caregivers** are closely involved in all aspects of the Soldier's recovery. They attend medical appointments and participate in the Soldier's regular review meetings through the goal-setting process of the Comprehensive Transition Plan.

- **Soldier Family Assistance Centers (SFACs)** located near most WTUs provide a variety of services to assist with administrative and personal needs.

- **Career and Education Readiness** programs assist Soldiers with the next stage of their careers. Soldiers participate in internships, work-site placements, training, college classes, and other career opportunities.

- **Adaptive Sports** programs help Soldiers regain confidence and achieve their physical fitness goals. Physical therapists actively look for ways to incorporate adaptive sports into each Soldier's recovery plan.

- **Army Wounded Warrior Program (AW2)** supports the most severely wounded, ill and injured, regardless of where they are located or military status. AW2 strives to foster the Soldier's independence and self-sufficiency, enabling the Soldier to live a productive life post-injury.

- **Community-Based Warrior Transition Units (CBWTUs)**  
Members of the National Guard and Reserve may be assigned to one of the nine CBWTUs, depending on the Soldier's medical condition. These Soldiers live at home—close to the support of their Families and communities—and receive care through the TRICARE network. They also receive the standardized benefits of the WTU structure.

- **Community Care** realigns the management of Soldiers healing in their home communities to a Community Care Unit on an Army installation Warrior Transition battalion. Cadre will provide medical management and mission command of Soldiers within their designated area of responsibility. These soldiers will receive the benefits of a dedicated unit of Cadre, Triad of Leadership, Military Treatment Facility staff, Warrior Transition Battalion staff and installation resources to ensure that all Soldiers have the same experience across the program.

## BY THE NUMBERS

- **More than 7,000 Soldiers currently recovering at WTUs and CBWTUs**
- **Active Duty: More than 3,000**
- **National Guard: More than 2,300**
- **Reserve: More than 1,600**
- **More than 3,900 professional military and civilian cadre**
- **Soldiers in WTUs who have deployed to theater at some point in their careers: 84 %**
- **Deployment related illnesses or injuries: 40 %**
- **Combat wounds: 9 %**
- **PTSD as primary diagnosis: 4 %**
- **Soldiers supported by WTU programs since 2007: more than 58,000**
- **Soldiers returned to the force: 49%**